

# Expérimentations et suivis long terme sur la Zone Critique fracturée de Ploemeur

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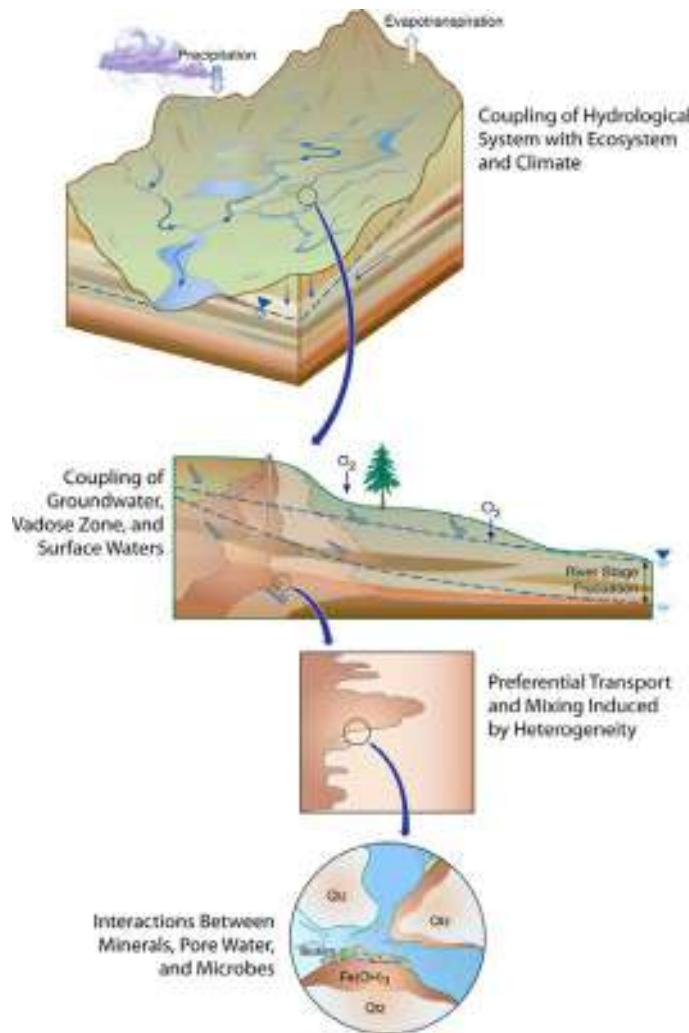
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Matthew Becker, **Univ. California**



# On the role of groundwater within the Critical Zone

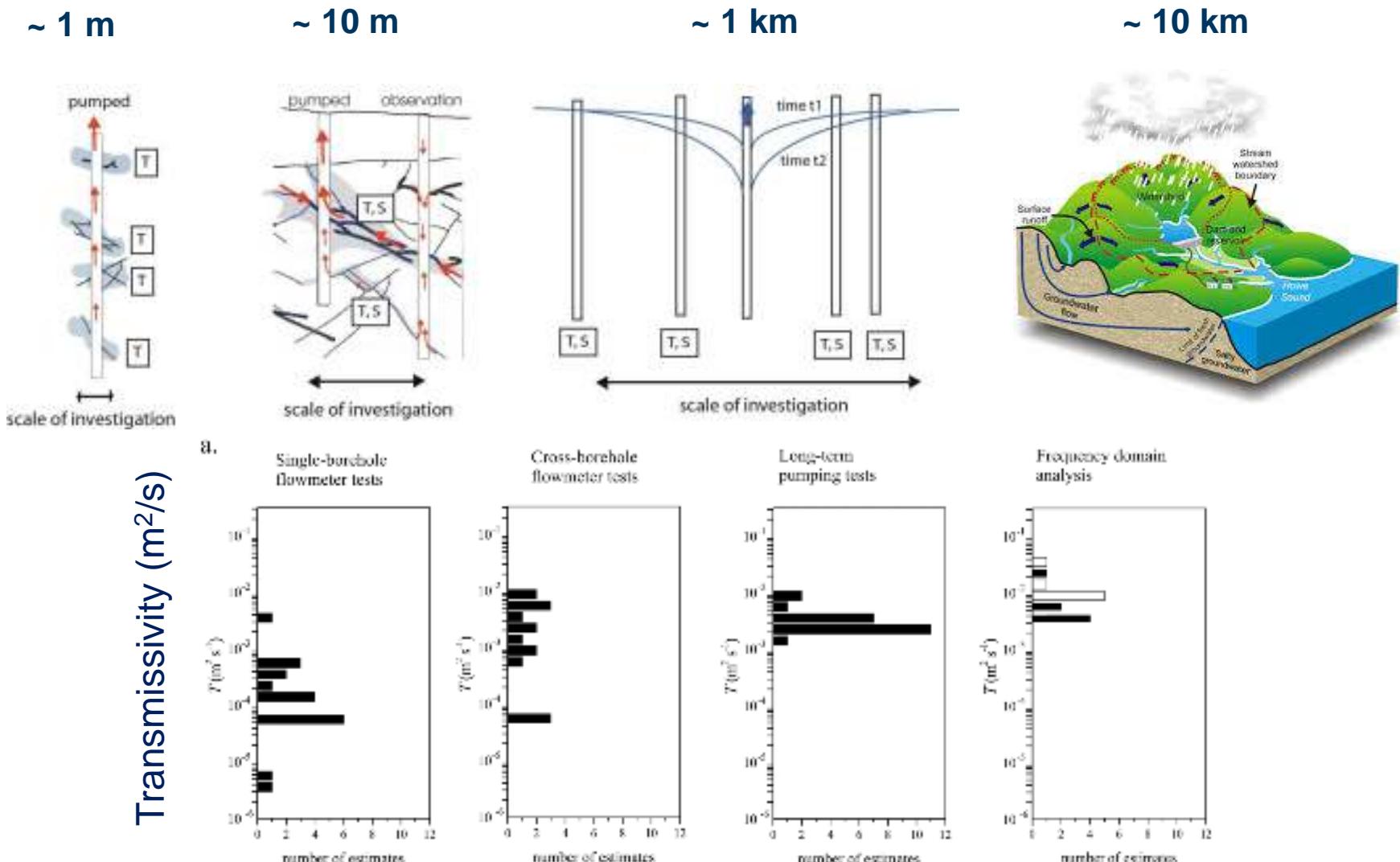
## Multiples challenges :



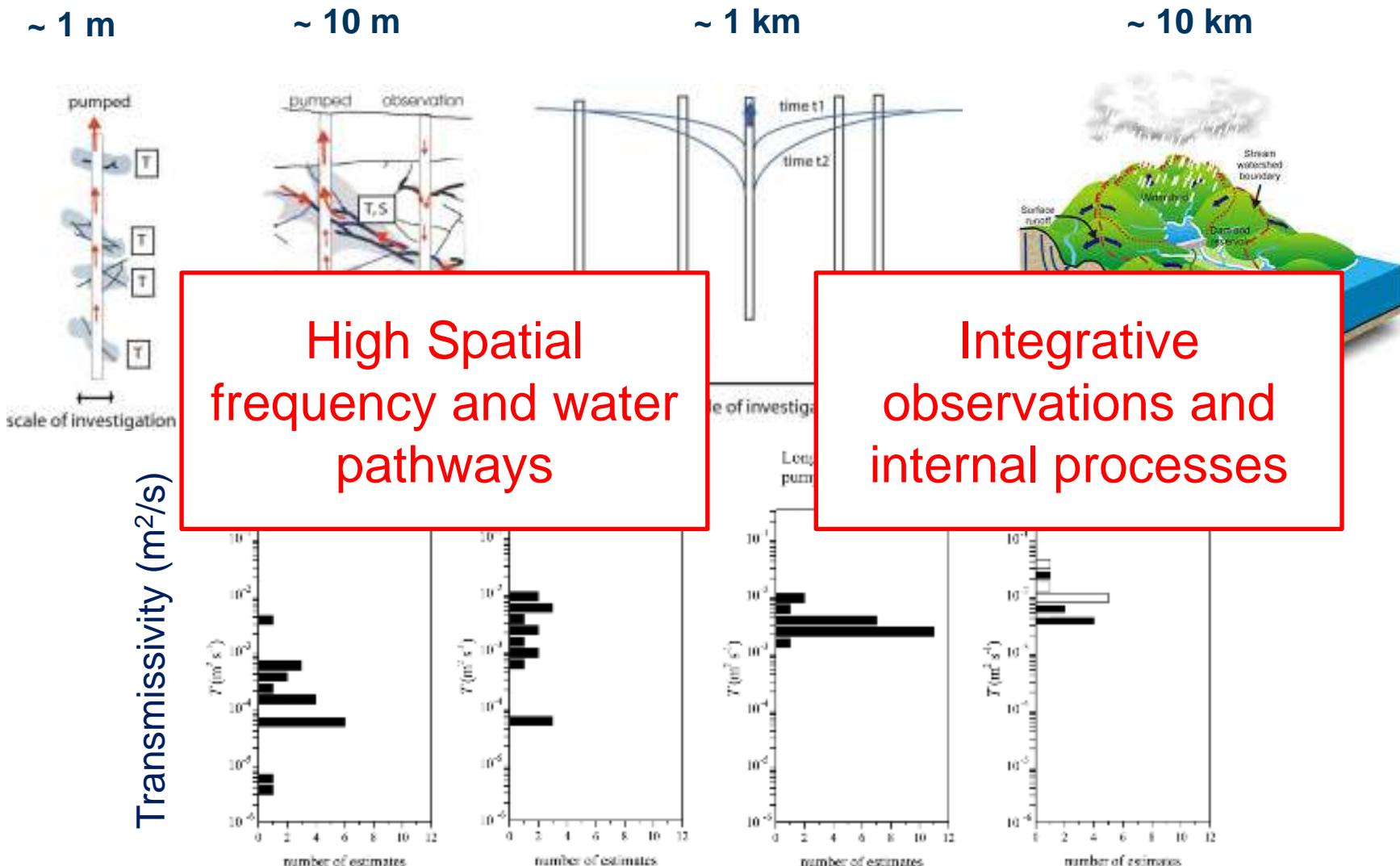
## What we need

- Estimate relevant parameters
- Image relevant flow pathways

# Relevant parameters at different scales



# Relevant parameters at different scales





# Ploemeur observatory: 3 sites

Natural system,  
GDE, Natura 2000



# Pumped system

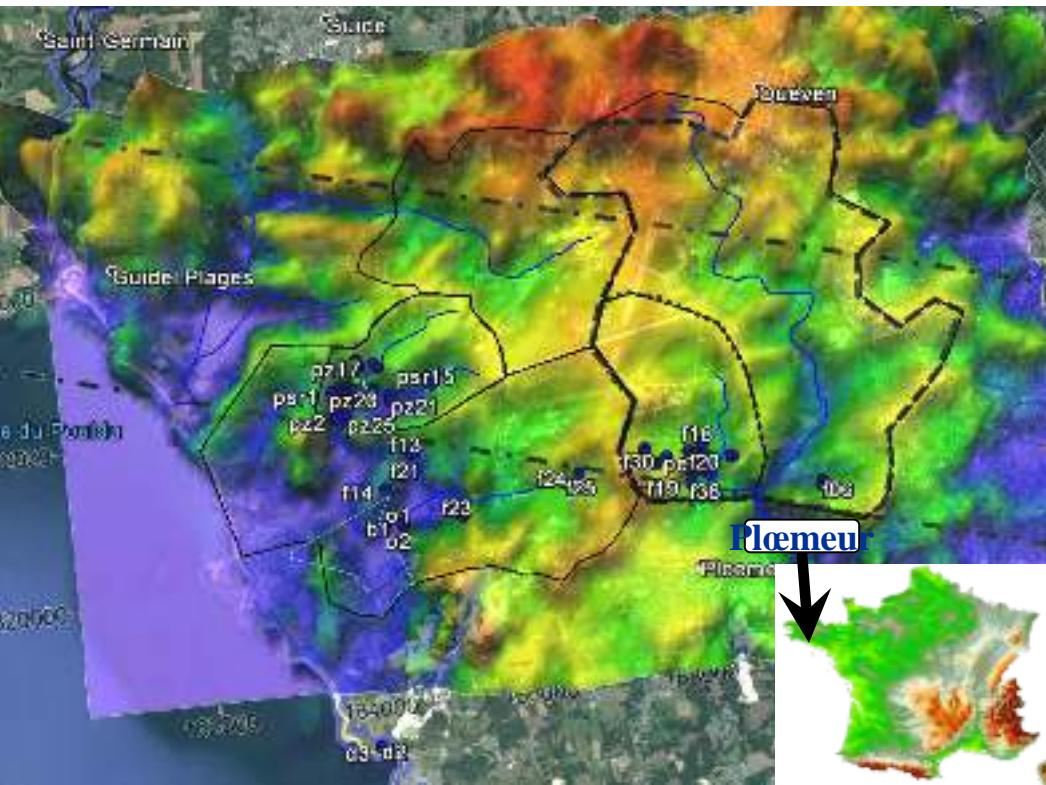
## Since 1991



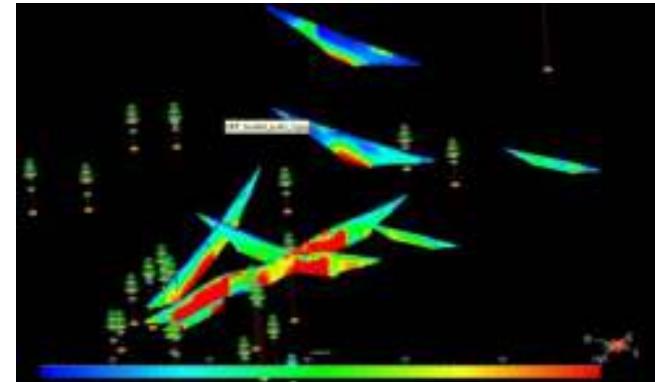
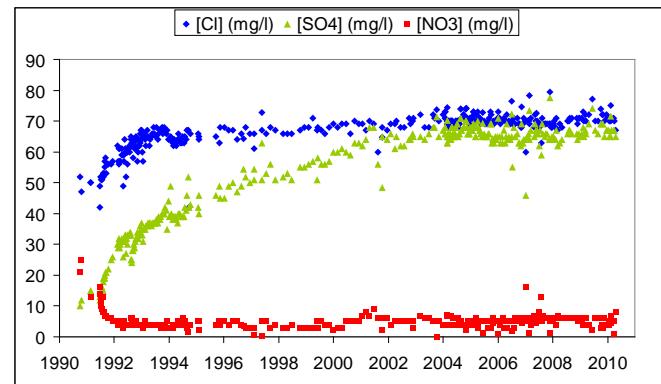
## Experimental site



## Facilities and infrastructures



## Long-term monitoring & database

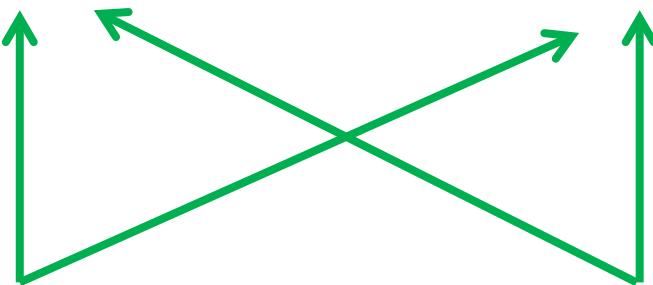


# Setting up CRITEX tools on the Ploemeur site

Approaches

High Spatial  
frequency and water  
pathways

Integrative  
observations and  
internal processes



Tools

WP 3 Fiber optics  
WP 6.1 Seismic methods

WP 2.2 Hydrogeodesy  
WP 7.3 Reactive tracers  
WP 8.1 Dissolved gases

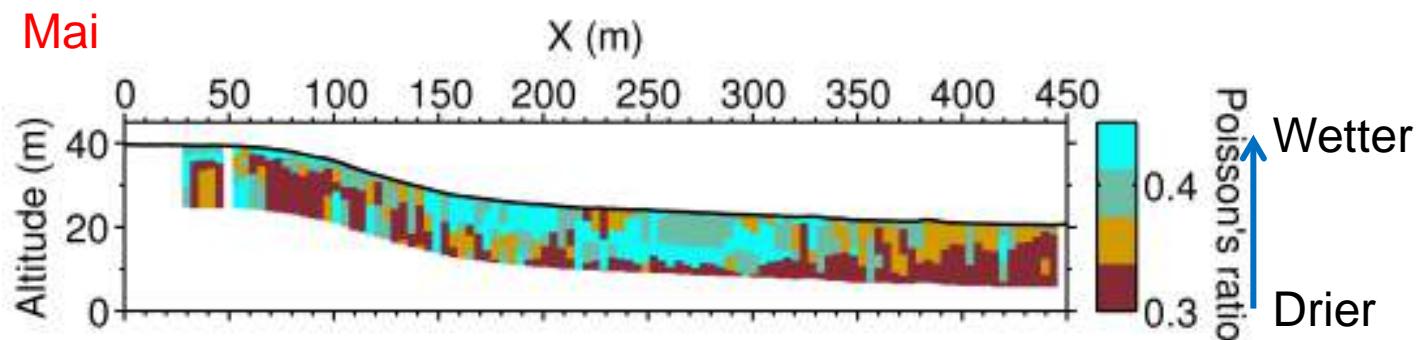
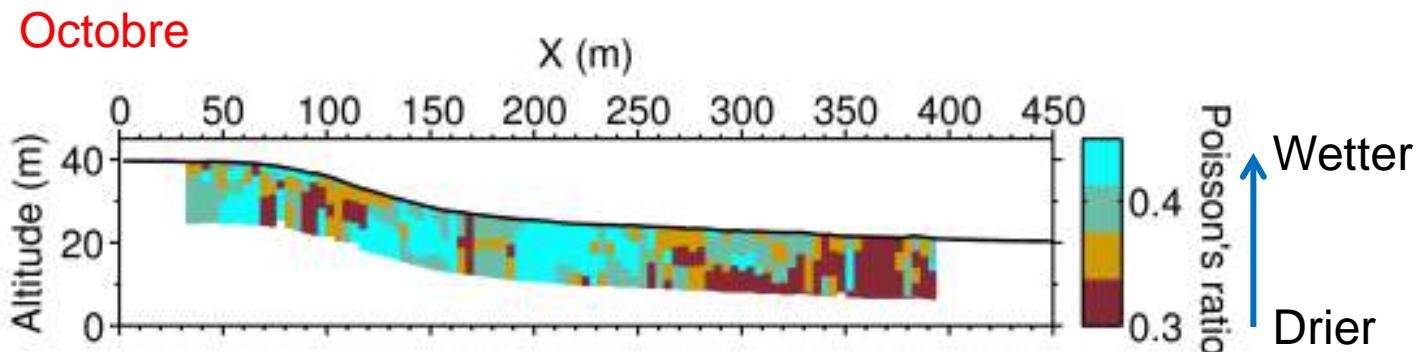
**What are the information content of such observations ?**

# Sensing the rock response (HSF)



Seismic methods to capture infiltration spatial patterns

See Marine Danggaard's poster !

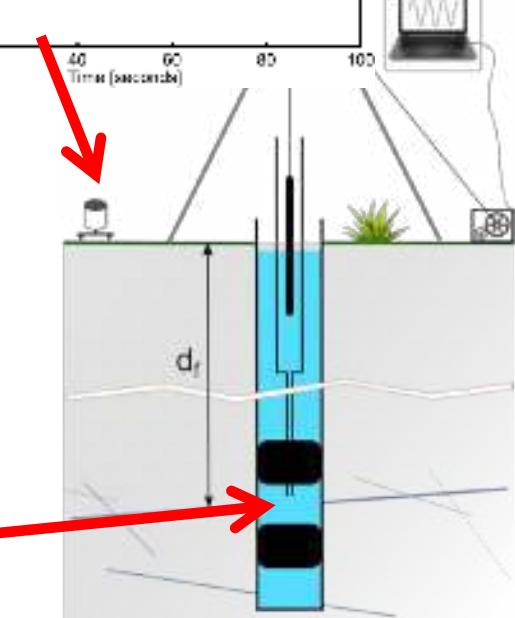
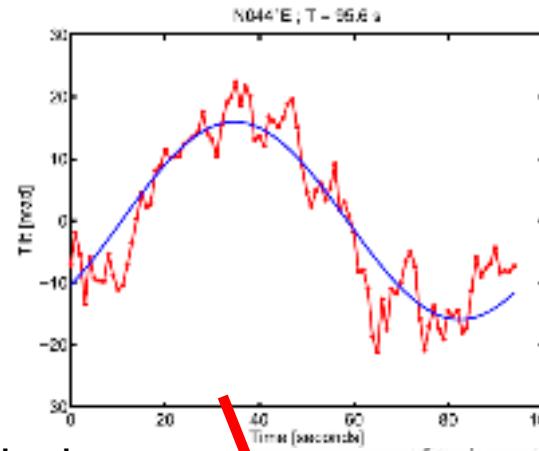
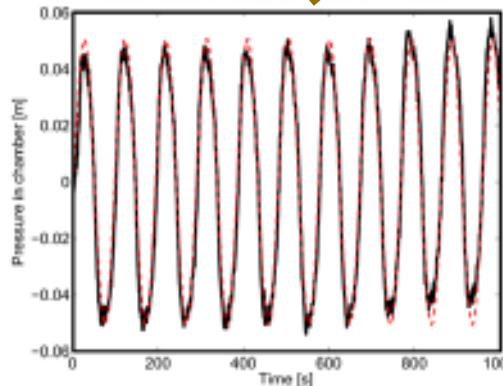


# Sensing the rock response (IO)

Deformation as a tool to highlight active structures



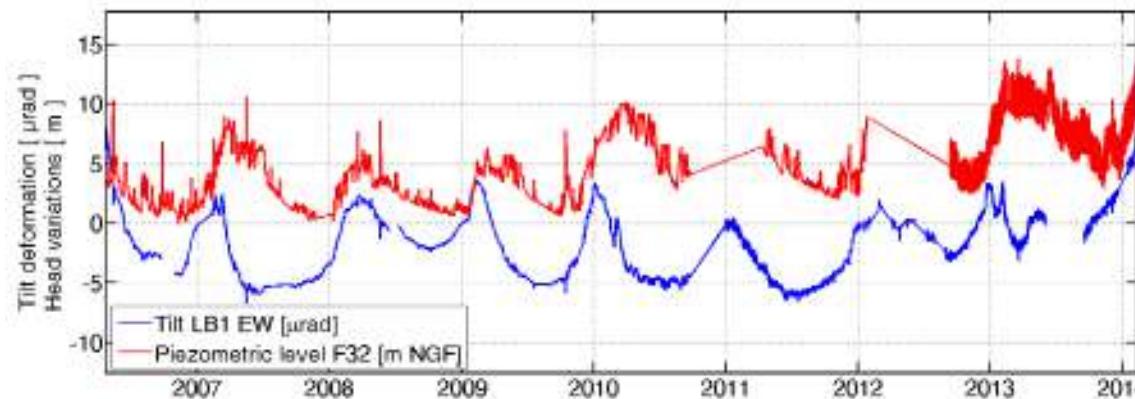
Hydromechanical properties



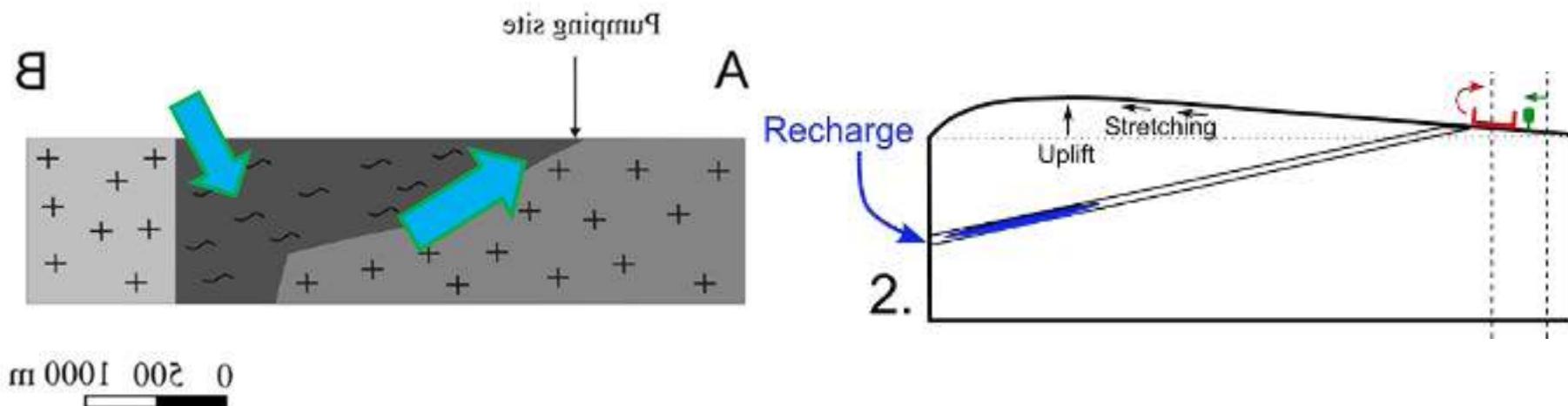
See Jonathan Schuite and Nicolas Lavenant posters!

# Sensing the rock response (IO)

Deformation as a tool to monitor deep water transfers



GW head variations  
Tilt deformation

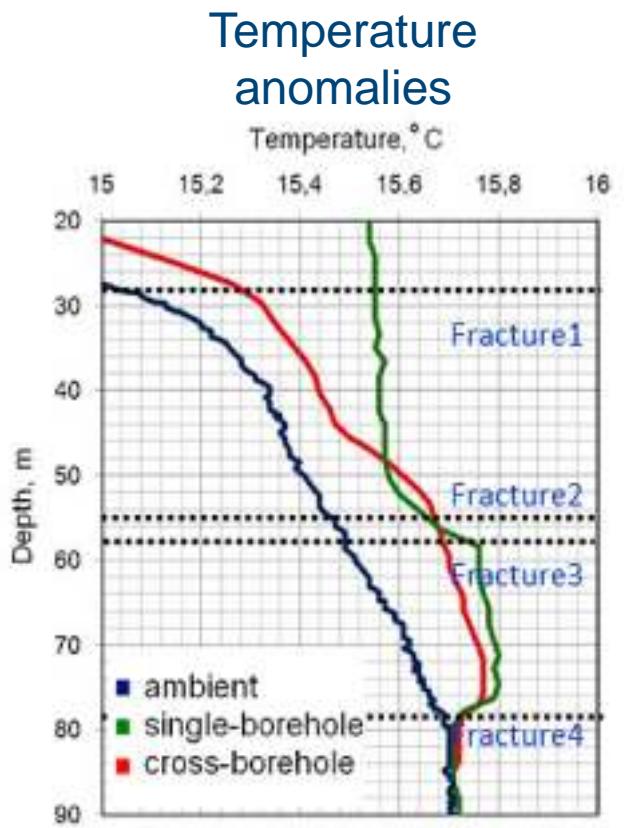


See Jonathan Schuite and Nicolas Lavenant posters!

# Tracing methods - heat (HSF)



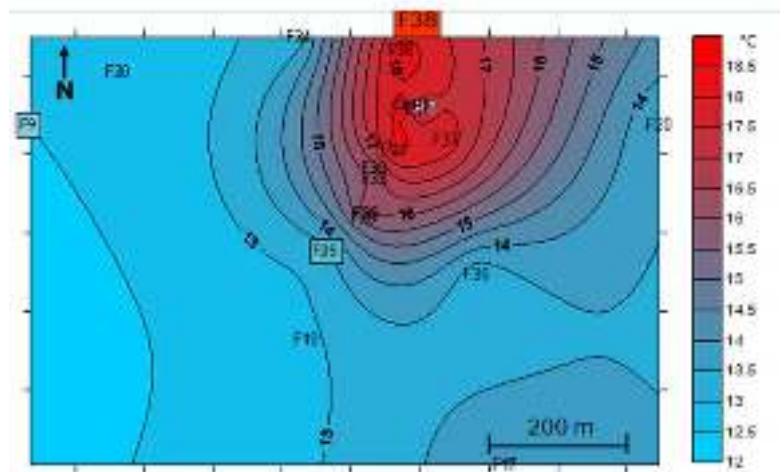
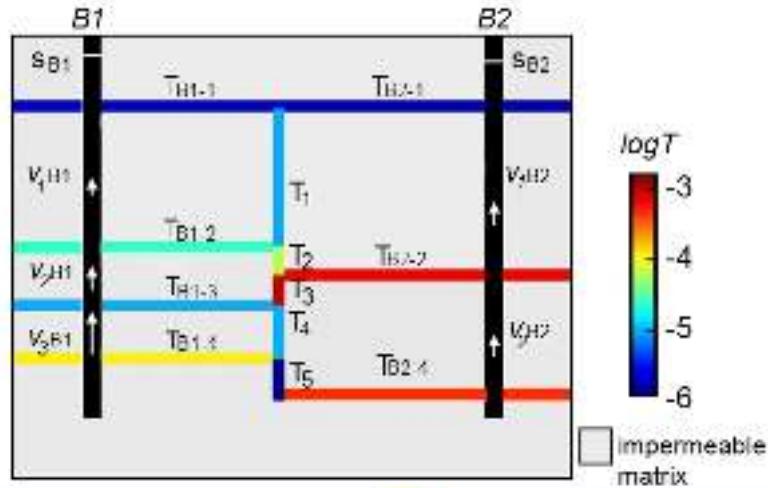
Temperature anomalies



Experimental

Monitoring

Flow tomography, Klepikova et al., WRR 2013



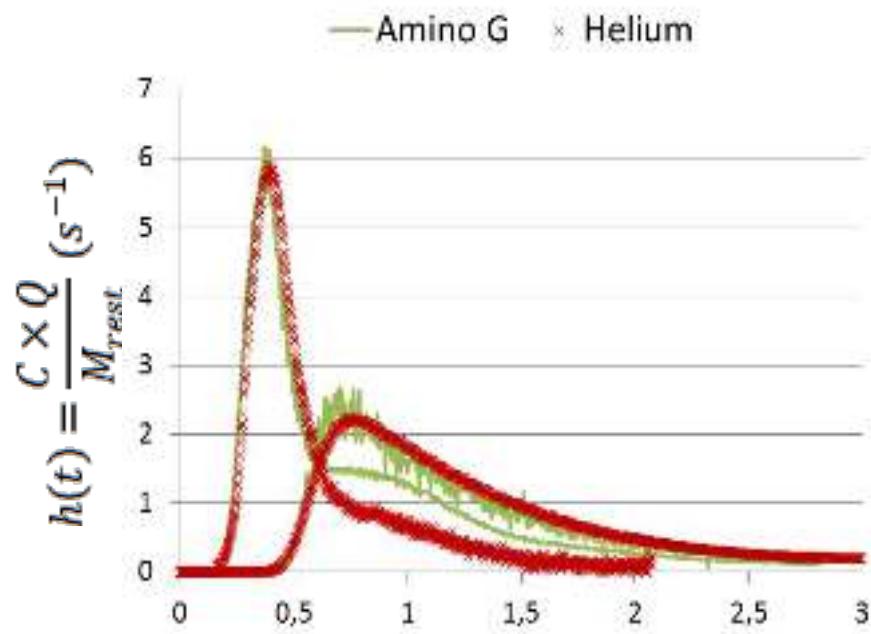
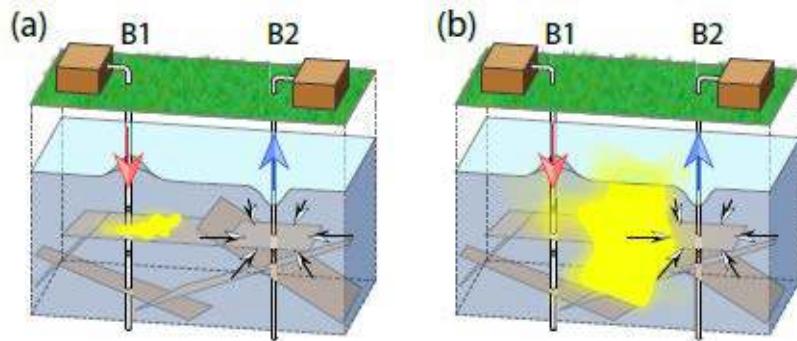
Groundwater temperature in a water supply site

Flow profile inversion  
Klepikova et al., JH 2011

See Nataline Simon's poster!

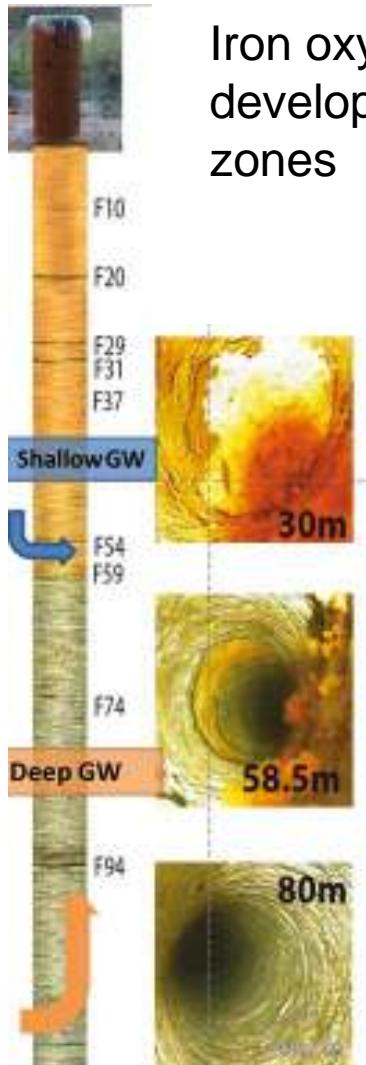
# Tracing methods – conservative and reactive tracers (IO)

Dissolved gases (N<sub>2</sub>O, CO<sub>2</sub>, He, ...) and « smart tracers » to capture water flow path and reactivity



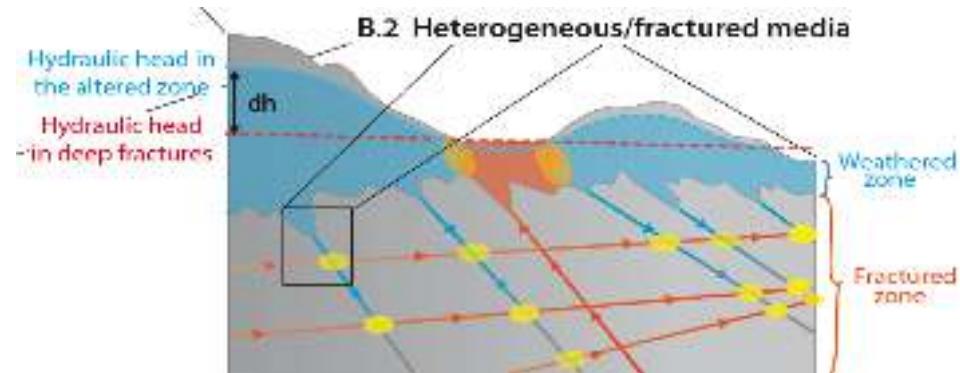
See Eliot Chatton's poster!

# Reactive hotspots in the Critical Zone



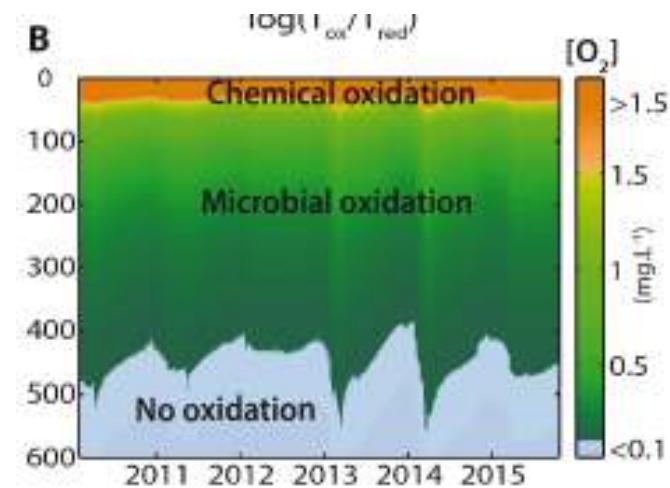
Iron oxyde biofilm development at mixing zones

Fractures as short-circuits mixing different waters



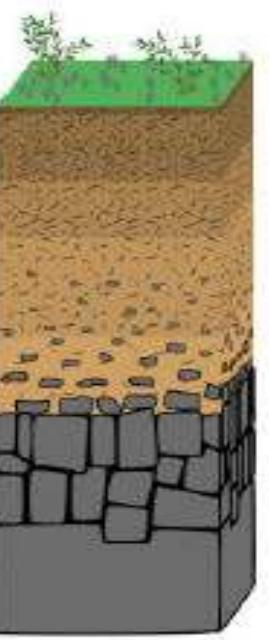
Competition between biotic and abiotic oxydation

Potential reactive hotspot in the deep



See Tanguy Leborgne's poster!

# Concluding remarks

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- CRITEX makes available this new toolbox to characterize flow, transport and reactivity in heterogeneous reservoirs at different spatial and temporal scales
  - Instrumental setup is surely as important as the instruments themselves
  - In most cases, both experiments and monitoring are required to cover the different time and spatial scales

Key issue :

- What is the information content of such observation to improve system modeling ? **See Luca Guillaumot and Charlotte Le Traon's poster**

# The next step: Guidel Long-term experiment

Starting pumping in a natural system: a large-scale physical destabilization

An opportunity to work on the trajectory of complex systems under non-stationary constraints

